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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/344,190	06/24/1999	KENNETH SCOTT KUMP	15-XZ-4971	8765
7	590 02/17/2004	EXAMINER		
DEAN D SMALL			CHOOBIN, BARRY	
MCANDREW HELD & MALLOY LTD 34TH FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
500 W MADISON STREET CHICAGO, IL 60661			2625	20
CHICAGO, II	. 00001		DATE MAILED: 02/17/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
5-an	09/344,190	KUMP, KENNETH SCOTT				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Barry Choobin	2625				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA*  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) da  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will. I  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	TION. 'CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may altion. ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of the yperiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO by statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed  airty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed o	n <u>12 January 2004</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ∑	☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1,3-7,9-12,15-25 and 27 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1,3-7,9-12,15-25 and 27 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers	and of oloodon roquiromona.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b) objected to to the drawing(s) be held in abeya correction is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> <li>13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.</li> <li>37 CFR 1.78.</li> <li>a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li> <li>14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper	948) 5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicant's arguments, see Remarks page 2-3, filed January 12, 2004, with respect to the rejection(s)of claim(s) 1,3-7, 9-12, 15-25 and 27 under 102(e) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Friemel (uS 6,162,174) and Ergun et al.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-7, 9-12, 15-25 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ergun et al and in view of Friemel.

As to claim 1, Ergun et al disclose a method for determining a dynamic range of a digital medical image for a medical imaging system, the digital medical image containing a clinical region, comprising:

Ergun et al is silent about determining whether the digital medical image within said at least two bands includes at least one non-clinical region. But Friemel disclose a method for compensating for object movement in ultrasound images comprising determining whether the digital medical image within said at least two bands includes at least one non-clinical region (column 3, lines 45-63).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the determining whether the digital medical image within said at least two bands includes at least one non-clinical region as thought by Friemel in order to reduce image fliker and increase the apparent frame rate without creating blurred images and while simultaneously illustrating the movement of an object within an image.

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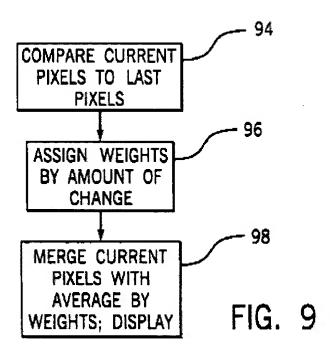
Ergun et al disclose a masking non-clinical regions based on at least one of gray scale maximum and minimum values for the non clinical region comprising one of a raw radiation region and a collimated region (refer for example to column 16, lines 28-40 wherein the image 208 is then used to derive a scatter map. Referring to FIG. 23, generally the amount of scatter at a given point will be a function of how many x-ray photons are received at points adjacent to the given point. For example, comparing the image 208 to a theoretical scatterless image 228 generally in an attenuated region 230 of the image 208 (e.g., under the spine 200 ), scatter will increase the apparent value in the image 208 as a result of radiation from nearby low attenuation regions scattering into the high attenuation region 230. Conversely the apparent value at a low attenuation region 232 will be decreased because of the scatter into the high 5 attenuation region .);

calculating a dynamic range for a clinical region (see Ergun et al at column 4, lines 40-45, Fig.6 and column 7, lines 41-66 wherein the CCD 84 provides a complete set of radiation data for an entire image 86 (a frame) periodically once every "frame interval" so that real time image of a patient placed within X-ray beam 80 may be obtained, corresponding to calculating a dynamic region in this portion of claim).

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As to claim 3, Friemel disclose the digital medical image is divided into one horizontal and vertical bands (column 3, lines 46-64).

As to claim 4, Ergun et al disclose differentiating said digital medical image, said determining step calculating a position of the non clinical region based, on a result of said differentiation (column 11, lines 33-53 and Fig.9 and Fig.11).



As to claim 5, Ergun et al disclose calculating at least one threshold based on a dynamic range of the digital medical image, said at least one threshold being used to identify at least one of maximum and minimum values for the non-clinical region (column 11, lines 53-60 and column 12, line 59- column 13, line 3).

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As to claim 6, Ergun et al disclose determining step discriminates at least one of histogram maximum and minimum values for a non-clinical region based on at least one predetermined threshold (column 12, line 59 through column 13, line 3).

As to claim 9, Ergun et al disclose generating a histogram of the digital medical image, said masking step masking gray scale levels from the histogram that exceed predetermined upper and lower thresholds (column 11, lines 33-53).

As to claim 11, Friemel discloses a medical diagnostic imaging system for controlling a dynamic range of a digital medical image to be displayed, comprising: a segmentation module identifying clinical and non-clinical region within a digital medical image, said non-clinical regions comprising at least a collimated region (column 3, lines 46-64 and fig.3-4),

a processor dividing the digital medical image into at least two bands (see Friemel, column 3, lines 45-63), wherein said processor is capable of masking non-clinical regions based on at least one of gray scale maximum and minimum values for the non clinical region comprising one of a raw radiation region and a collimated region (refer to claim 1), and a dynamic range module determining a dynamic range of a clinical region of the digital medical image based on the clinical region, (see claim 1) said dynamic range module determining a dynamic range of said clinical region within said at least two bands (see claim 1).

As to claim 15, Ergun et al disclose segmentation module identifies non-clinical regions based on variations in gray scale levels of the digital medical image (column 11, lines 13-32 and Fig.13).

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As to claims 17 and 18, Ergun et al disclose the segmentation module discriminates the non-clinical region based on at least one gray scale threshold value (column 11, lines 53-60 wherein thresholding process or subtraction disclosed in reference to background pixels).

Claims 7, 10,12,16, 18-25 and 27 are similarly analyzed and rejected.

### Conclusion

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US 5461233 to Yamamoto et al.

US 5991816 to Percival et al.

US 6185271 to Kinsinger.

US 6351276 to Yamaguchi et al.

US 6618494 to Nonay et al.

US 5045955 to Ikeda.

US 5187579 to Hiyama.

#### **CONTACT INFROAMTION**

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Barry Choobin whose telephone number is 703-306-5787. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30 AM to 18:30 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Bhavesh Mehta can be reached on 703-308-5246. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9314.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

Barry Choobin February 11, 2004

TIMOTHY M. JØHNSON